

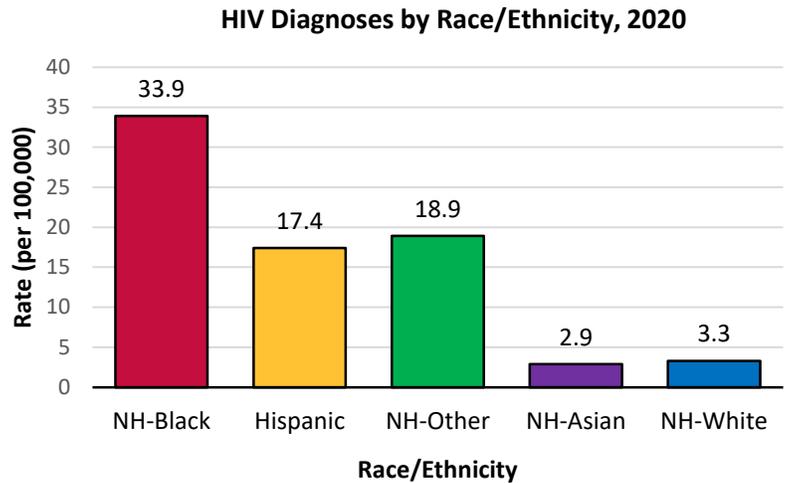


HIV BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MARYLAND, 2020

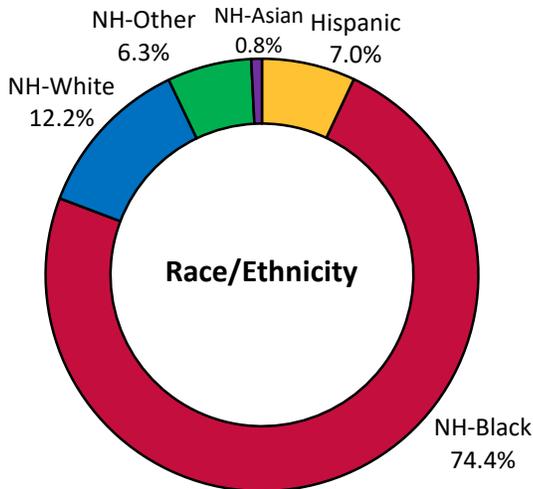
DATA REPORTED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2021

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 724 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2020 in Maryland, 71.8% were among NH-Black people, and 12.0% were NH-White people.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2020 were up to 13 times higher among NH-Black people (16.8 per 100,000) as compared to people of other races.
- Of Marylanders living with HIV, Hispanic people have the highest estimated number that remain undiagnosed (15.9%), as of 2019.



Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV



- 74.4% of the 31,676 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV in 2020 were NH-Black people.
- HIV rates are highest among NH-Black people (1,537.6 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the rate among NH-White people (148.2). 1 in 65 NH-Black people in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- High HIV rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,722.4) and Hispanic (457.2) individuals. 1 in 219 Hispanic people in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- 42.6% of NH-Black people reported HET exposure, while MSM was the most common exposure among NH-White (62.0%), and Hispanic (52.4%) persons.
- Of the total Marylanders living with HIV who had a viral load test reported in 2020, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Black people (89.2%).

NH: Non-Hispanic | **HET:** Heterosexual Contact | **MSM:** Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration
Maryland Department of Health
<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data source: Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).
Data for 2020 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing and care-related services.